

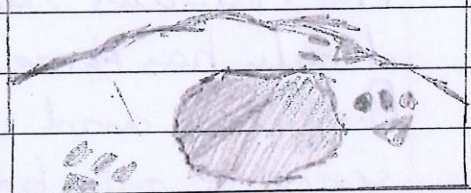
Tuesday 27th January 2026

Miptorious psychroluties marcidus mammalia

Roaming in the direct heat of Africa's largest rainforest, is the most interesting species of mammal known to man kind. The Marcidus Mammalia is known to be the rarest species of mammals to walk the face of the Earth.

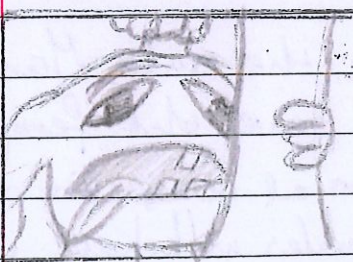
Habitat

The Marcidus Mammalia is located in the Congo Basin rainforest in Africa. Although, most people believe it is quite



a large creature it is truly no bigger than a regular sized rabbit burrow entrance. So it typically remains in burrows, but specifically wet burrows due to its love of water. But due to them being slow walkers, there are rare cases that they are unable to arrive to their burrow which leads to a rare time where they shrink into a hollow tree and accentuate their oversized bulge hanging off their skull giving it the appearance of a beehive. This is called crypsis, which helps to camouflage them.

Appearance



The Marcidus mammalia has one thing no other mammal can compete with, its blue silky skin. Although the skin may look rigid it is actually part of the species with mesotea (jelly like skin). Additionally, it is also part of the mammals with

bipedalism (which allows them to walk on two legs). Due to its large fingers and toes it is a great honor for scientists to study its movements as no other mammal can accomplish this. As they can move flexibly and elegantly. Since it has a large pair of pupils, scientists say that it has one of the best sight for a land mammal. It also has three teeth since they eat mostly liquedy food.

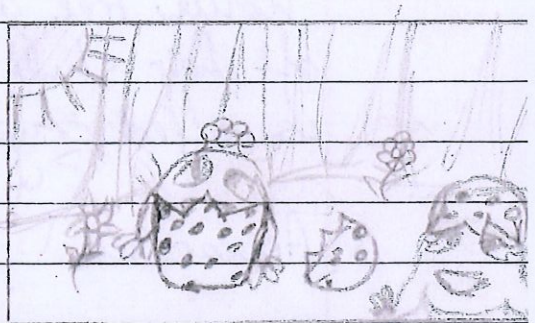
Diet

The Marcidus Mammalia has two major foods. Although, it only has three teeth, so it enjoys the blood of Buffaloes and Impalas. But mostly it eats the blood since it only has three teeth, but it is able to go without food for ten days, if it does go more without food it will perish before morning awakes. The Miptorious psycholutes marcidus mammalia has only one predator due to it being hard to find.

Reproduction

Breeding for the Marcidus Mammalia is a huge achievement for it, since finding a partner that won't abandon them will be extrimerally challenging for

it. But when they find a mate, the male Mammalia must fight a seperate male to have the female to reproduce. This is called intrasexual competition, and whoever wins has the female. The females will have the baby for approxametally three months then the next week she will take the eggs and place them in the bulg on



the males head ready for the male to shoot them up. Once he has done so they have around five physically and mentally equal Maries to their parents!

Behavior

The behavior for a Marcidus Mammalia is quite a complex one in fact due to its fondness of acting insane while making no commotion by doing a tree dance, this is an important action during mating season (spring). It also must stay in a pack, while searching for a desired meal. Their nature is more eyes will help out when everyone is needing a meal. As they only live for the short time of ten years it is ideal to stay in a pack to escape its predator: the honey bager that they defeat by jumping on it with large strength to suffocate them.

The Marcidus Mammalia is truly one of a kind that roams all around Africa the Marcidus Mammalia is astonishing in every way.